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# LOOKS SERIOUS FOR SMOOT

## Evidence Now About All In.

## Testimony Has Disclosed Many Things That Are Startling.

Prediction That Apostolic Representative Will Be Denied Further Rights to Seat.

#### By A. F. Philips.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22-Now that otites are nearing their end in court and be forty or more witnesses summoned by m have about all been herrd, speculation is again rife as to the outcome of the case What will be the result?

Public epinion in this city, and it be said of the entire country, is that the apostle-Senator will be ratired. This is also a majority of those who have heard the evidence from the beginning

In addition to Smoot's retirement will comsome drastic legislation-laws that will be more severe and which will bear down harde upon the Mormon people than any they have

yet had to face. The uluer of polygamy, still a tenet of the church, still taught by the hierarchy in the example which the first presidency and a majority of the apostles sot before the prople, will be removed. As the disease has been most offensive, the remody will be most severe. But the ulcer will be removed forever.

It may be that the enabling act will be acked. The strong probability is that cill it is possible that the Mormon ple will be disfranchised, and it may hat their church property will be excheat be Federal Government.

#### answer is easy. Reed Smoot. He and What It Will Mean.

What will drastic legislation mean to the people of Utah—the majority of the people of the State? There will be a begin to Mexica and to Canada; there will be a breaking up of homes and of families, lawbreakers who have defied the Government and barricaded themselves behind the walls of Statehood will The answer is again easy: Reed Smoot and

weeks in the present one, many residents of that and of Idaho have been called before a committee of the United States Senate to

Weeks in the present one, many residents of Utah and of Idaho have been called before a committee of the United States Senate to tell what they knew about conditions in those States. The first one to speak was the president of the Mormon church.

Claiming to be prophet, seer and revelator, he told the committee, and through that committee the world, what? That he, as the head of the Mormon church, violated the pact made by the people of Utah with those in forty-four States that polygamy should there and those living in polygamy should be the law. He declared that he was fiving contrary to the rule of the church and centrary as well to the law of the land; that he cohabited with his wives; that they had borne him children since the manifesto of 189; that he had done this knowing the responsibility and knowing he was amenable to the law.

to the law

He caused the blush of shame to crimson
the faces of many Utahas when he uttered
his defi to the law of God and man. And
for why? Easy is the maswer. In order that
Reed Smoot might be a Senator and the
hierarchy be represented in the Congress of
the United States.

## Evidence Was Astounding.

Others followed President Joseph F. Smith

Others followed President Joseph F Smith. Every one admitted that the compact had been violated, that the law was outraged, that the church had interfered more or less in affairs of state. Others told of the ceremonies in the endowment-house and of eaths and obligations taken therein which rendered these taking them traitors to the country. Others told of piural marriages entered into since the manifesto, several of these marriages being performed by high officials of the church. Others detailed how ecclesiastical courts usurped those of the State. Others told of how the Mormon religion was laught in the public schools.

Mothers denied the paternity of their children. This, too, while Utah and her people were suffering, held up to be seconed by the country, her people declared to be law-breakers, defiers of the Government. And for why? Again the answer. That Reed Smoot night be a Senator of the United States.

During all of this long hearing the room wherein the sessions have been held has been crowded. Reed Smoot has never missed a session. He has heard the evidence, has listened to the testimony of men and women which sounded his death knell politically and the downfall of the hierarchy of which he is the representative. Nothing in the testimony has apparently phased him, at least, he has given no intimation that it has. But to those who have watched him closely the mony has apparently phased him, at least, he has given no intimation that it has. But to those who have watched him closely the strain upon him has been terrific and several man and the has been on the verge of a col-lapse. The goal he sought was reached, but it was attained at what will be an awful cost.

## Will Make Great Effort.

Will Make Great Effort.

The evidence is about all in. The arguments will follow. For the protestants it is believed that Judge Tayler will make the effort of his life. He has handled the case in an admirable manner. It could not have been better handled. His examination of witnesses has been superh. He threw his whole soil into the case, and from the heginning he has never wavered. He has been confident that he would win, and he will. Helind him have stood the people who believe in the American home. These thousands, these millions of people, have felt that he would succeed.

Reed Smoot will be driven from the senate. After the arguments the committee will consider the case and formulate its report. It is believed here that but one report will be submitted. And it is also the belief that this report, as has been stated in these distaines, will end thus:

"Resolved, That the seat of Reed Smoot, that the sum is hereby delived vacant." d Smoot will be driven from the Senate

declared vacant."

The case of Reed Smoot will then pass into history. The apectolic Senator will be returned to his quorum, the power of the hierarchy will be cruehed, polygamy and unlawful cohabitation in Utah and Idaho will cease, Smoot and Smootism and all that this implies will end.

## Young Croker Dies From His Injuries

Son of Former Tammany Chieftain Killed by Shock Received in Automobile Accident.

ORMOND, Fla., Jan. 22.-Frank H Croker, who was thrown from his auto mebile yesterday, died shortly after o'clock this morning. His death came as a stunning blow to his friends here, for it was reported late last night by his physicians that he was doing fairly well and that they hoped for the best. From the first Dr. Parks and Dr. Millen realized Parks and Dr. Millen realized that Mr. Croker's injuries were very se-vere and the shock great. It was evi-

were and the shock great. It was evidently from the effects of the tremendous shock that he died.

When he was placed in position for examination by the surgeons he asked his friend. William Wallace of Boston, the nature of his injuries. He was told that they consisted of a sprained knee and elbow. He then asked about his mechanician, Rolf, and was told that he was more scriously hurt.

Trifluence of Ether.

## Influence of Ether.

The young man was then put under the influence of ether by the surgeons and the broken and splintered bones in the leg and arm were set, his broken ribs were bandaged and a bad scalp wound was

After the operation the patient seemed to be resting well, but was in a semi-con-scious state. After midnight he became entirely unconscious and remained so un-tilizing til death.
Mrs. Richard Croker, mother of the un-

urs. Richard Croker, mother of the un-tunate young man, and his sister, were Jacksonville, but the news did not teh them until too late to take the orning train. They left Jacksonville on train that arrived here at 11:20 and traturn with the body on the 4:46 train the morning.

e morning, perts estimate that young Croker was ng his machine at a speed of a mile seconds. They say that no machine built could stand the strain of a p turn while going at that speed.

### Sharp Turn Meant Certain Death.

Mr. Stanley, on the motor cycle, was directly in the course of the racers, and to Mr. Croker it must have appeared almost certain death to attempt to make the sharp turn to get out of the way of the small machine ahead of him Mr. Croker's mechanician, Rolf. was a Frenchman not long in this country. One side of his head was crushed and death was instantaneous. Mr. Stanley was taken to St. Augustine this morning, where he will receive further attention at the rail-vay hospital.

The fatal accident, coming almost at the opening of the annual races, has cast a gloom over the racers gathered here, and those who drive their own machines in the races will insist on the adoption and enforcement of the most rigid ruler to insure them against every accident.

## CAN'T VOTE THEIR OWN PAY.

#### Montana Court Decides Corporation Directors Haven't Such Right.

HELENA, Mont. Jan. 22.-The Suprem ourt has rendered a decision of great interest to corporations operating in Montana, to cut to corporations operating in Montana, to the effect that directors of corporations have no authority to vote salaries to themselves. The decision is in the case of O. J. McCon-neil et al. against the Combination Mining and Milling company, Charles D. McClure, Paul A. Fusz and others on appeal from the District court of Silver How county, which awarded the plaintiff judgment for the amount voted by the directors as salaries to themselves, and involves about \$16,000. The Supreme court says:

ipreme court says:
"It makes no difference whether tees intended to defraud the company and stockholders of the amount of money up priated for paying their sataries, or whe they acted in the utmost good faith. The suit is exactly the same, and whether controversy of the plaintiffs be upon ground of actual or constructive fraud

## NO CLUE TO BANDITS.

## Masked Men Who Held Up "Spokane Flyer" Leave No Trail.

PORTLAND, Or., Jan. 22.-The police have net as yet obtained any clue to the bandlu committed the robbery on the Oregon Rallroad & Navigation company's "Spokane

flyer" last night.

After a fruitless search which lasted through out the night the posse which was hunting nediately and came back here.

ed immediately and came back here, each a different route.

V. Strope and Hos Mofflit, two passenon the train which was robbed, were asted when the train reached The Dalles on suspicion. It is considered highly imposble that either was implicated in the

## NOT COMMANDER DOYLE.

#### Commander Oliver of the Culgon Who Must Face Court-Martial

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 22 - The state ment telegraphed from Washington, under date of January 19, to the effect that the officers of the supply ship Culgoa were to be court-martialed as the result of a collision between that vessel and a merchant schooner in November last, was in error in the statement that Lieut-Commander Robert H. Doyle was the commander Robert H. Doyle was the commander Doyle was relieved of the command of the Culgoa on August 1, 1904, by Lieut-Commander John H. Oliver, and has been in command of the receiving ship Philadelphia at the Puget sound navy yard since August 25, 1934. ment telegraphed from Washington, un-

## FOUR MEN KILLED.

#### Collision Between Freight Trains on Louisville & Nashville Railroad.

MIDDLESBORO, Ky., Jan. 22.-A headn collision between two freight trains on the Louisville & Nashville railroad a Shawnee, Tenn, today resulted in the death of four railroad men and the prob-able fatal injury of two others. The

lead
JAMES KLUTZ, fireman, Middlesboro,
GEORGE MOONEY engineer, Corbin
WILL HARRIS, fireman, Corbin,
BARKEMAN LAUGHLEY, Norton, Va.
Fataliy injured
WILL TERRY, engineer, Corbin,
WILL KILLINGER, conductor, Corjin.

## SITUATION IN SANTO DOMINGO

## **Action of This Country** Explained.

## Something Had to Be Done to Save Republic From Bankruptcy.

United States Will Administer Its Finances Under Proper Guarantee of Territorial Integrity.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.-After a consulte on with Secretary Hay the following statement regarding the situation in Santo Domingo was issued by Assistant Secretary Loomia to

'The Dominican Republic, after mature con sideration of existing conditions, has formally and freely invited the Government of the United States to assist in the administration of its customs revenues, and to aid it in put ting its fiscal system upon a firm and business-like basis.

"The Government of the United States ing been explicitly, repeatedly and emphatic-ally informed by more than one of the great powers that it ought either to try to evolve some order out of the financial chaos in the cominican Republic or assent to certain Euro ean creditors of that republic doing this, and the administration of Dominican custom houses by them, supported by their warships has deemed it advisable, in view of the un has deemed it advisable, in view of the un-fortunate financial conditions in Santo Do-mingo, which for the last ten years have been rapidly growing worse, to accept the invita-tion of the Dominican Government, and there-fore representatives of this Government and of Santo Domingo have signed a memoran-dum of a proposed agreement locking to the American control of fiscal affairs, upon the re-quest and with the consent of the Dominican Government.

#### Guarantees Territorial Integrity. "The United States proposes to guarantee the erritorial integrity of the Dominican Repub-

"It is not the purpose of this Government to assume a protectorate over Santo Domingor to interfere with or participate in its do-meatic affairs any further than the collection of its customs revenues, the necessary re-vision of its fariff laws and the adjustment, through properly constituted tribunals or com-

or its customs revenues, the necessary revision of its tariff laws and the adjustment, through properly constituted tribunals or commissions, of its foreign claims and its economic and fiscal organization on a sound basis may make it ossential to do.

Fresident Morales has signed a decree, which will be published today in which the Government of the United States is officially asked to take full charge of all the Dominical cause outdom-houses, to collect all the revenues, 45 per cent of which are to be returned to the Dominican Government for its current expenses. The remainder is to be used in the interest charges on the bonded indebtedeness and other obligations of the republic. Any surplus will be turned over to the Dominican Government. The obligations representing the bonded indebtedness are largely owned by foreign creditors.

## Doesn't Guarantee Debts.

of Santo Domingo, but only to promise to try to so organize and adjust the flecal ad-ministration of the country that in time their liquidation may be accomplished automatic-ally and on a basis of equity toward all cred-

ally and on a basis of equity toward all creditors,

"It is believed that if the Dominican revenues are wisely collected and disbursed all ingitimate claims against the Republic will be ultimately estimated."

In this connection it may be added that under the award of the tribunal of arbitration of July 14, 1904, between the United States and Santo Domingo, in the sum of about 14,500,000, the United States was given the right eventually to take possession of the principal ports of the northern side of the Island and under the award the Sacal agent appointed by the United States is now in possession of the important custom house at Puerto Plata.

"The unfortunate financial condition of Santo Domingo more than once in the last

Ine unfortunate financial condition of tato Domingo more than once in the last rade has brought to the United States Gov-iment questions fraught with imminant per-The Government of the United States ild not with due self-respect, allow the pression to doepen and gain currency that Monros doctrine can be used as a shield American Republics to deny justice to ter Governments.

## Many Claims Just.

'Many foreign claims are just beyond per-adventure, and being held by citizens of vari-ous Governments, the problem became in-creasingly more difficult as to how these claims could be satisfactorily settled under existing conditions with fair treatment to-

existing conditions with fair treatment toward all.

In some respects a still more embarrassing
feature of the situation has been that the
Dominican Government has been compelled by
force to pay grossly exorbitant claims, and
the question has arisen whether the United
States should interpose in such cases. Such
interposition has never been resorted to except purhaps once in our history.

"Another deplarable feature of the financial
situation in Santo Dominigo is that her revenues have been crippled by granting, for a
song, valuable concessions which were exempted, by stipulation from all taxation. Her
interests have compelled the Dominican Government to disregard these promises of exemption from taxation, and this has resulted
in numerous and increasing appeals to the
Department of State to interfere.

"The Dominican Government itself teached
the conclusion that its only hope of escape

The Dominican Government itself teached the conclusion that its only hope of escape from bankruptcy was through the assistance of the United States Government in the organization of its finances.

In view of these grave conditions, the In view of these grave conditions, the President has deemed it wise at this time to assent to the strongly expressed wish of the Dominican Government.

## FOUR LIVES LOST IN FIRE.

## Two Women and Two Little Girls Perish in Burning House.

IRON RIVER, Wis., Jan 22-The restdence of George Barnes, one of the bestcnown farmers in north Wisconsin, was ourned early today. Four persons per-

lehed. The dead:
MRS GEORGE BARNES
JENNIE MAY BARNES, aged 7.
MARGINA BARNES, aged 4.
MISS ELSIE MISTER of Washburn,
Wash., a school teacher.

Flagship Newark at San Domingo. WASHINGTON, Jan. 22—Rear Admiral Charles D. Sigabee, commander-in-chief of the Caribbean squadron, reported his arrival at San Domingo today in the flag-ship Newark. Both the Newark and the Castine are now representing the United States in Santo Domingo water,

## Premier Rouvier Has Russia in Throes of Revolution Selected His Cabinet

Names Will Be Submitted to President of France, and New Ministry Will Take Charge.

FARIS, Jan. 22-It was announced to-night as certain that M. Rouvier had uccocded in forming a Ministry and would tomorrow inform President Loubet of his acceptance of the Premiership,

with the names of those forming the Cabinet.
Following is an approximate list of the new Ministers:
Fresident of the Council and Minister of Finance, M. Rouvier.
Minister of Foreign Affairs, Theophila Deleasse.

Delcasse
Minister of Justice, Jean Sarrien.
Minister of Interior, Eugene Etlenne.
Minister of War, Henry Berteaux,
Minister of Marine, Gaston Thomson.
Minister of Public Instruction, Raymond Polnesire.
Minister of Commerce, Jean Dupuy,
Minister of Public Works, Blenvue Mar-

Minister of Colonies, Ferdinand Du-

Minister of Agriculture, Joseph Raua. The names of the foregoing are assured, but the distribution of portfolios is still subject to some rearrangement.

but the distribution of portfolios is still subject to some rearrangement.

The prospective Cabinet met tonight in M. Rouvier's office and went over the situation at some length. It is expected that the result of the conference will appear when M. Rouvier definitely outlines his policy.

As the result of the conference between M. Rouvier and his associates, it was decided tonight to continue the policy of former Premier Combes. The order of presentation of the proposed reforms will be discussed tomorrow, and also the new Cabinet's attitude concerning the authors of secret reports. It is understood that the new Ministers consider it is unnecessary to sacrifice all the accused, as the Nationalists demand.

M. Rouvier will tomorrow ask President Loubet to sign a decree constituting the Cabinet.

The Ministries of Commerce and Justice have not yet been absolutely fixed.

## CIRCASSIANS KILL GUARDS.

### Russians and Turks in Large Numbers Crossing Into Caucasus.

Cullen, representative of the Imperial Marine association, Tokio, received a cablegram from Constantinople tonight a cablegram from Constantinople tonight to the effect that 1500 Circassians had killed the Russian guard numbering 200, at Siavini, in the Caucasus, and that Russians and Turks in large numbers were crossing the frontier into the Caucasus to spread revolution in Tillis province. Tillis city is in a state of slege, and communication is had only by dispatch bearers. Capt. Cullen says tonight that he has received further cables from Constantinople saying that a large number of refugees, mostly Jews, are rushing into Turkish territory, and the Sultan has placed the barracks of the Imperial guards at Censtantinople at the disposal of the refugees.

guards at Constantinople at the disposal of the refugees.

Sir Nicholas O'Connor, British Minister, and American Minister Leishmann, have been appointed a committee to look after the wants of the refugees. The Armenian Hunchigist society at Constantinople has issued a proclamation calling upon all Armenians to assist the revolutionists and numbers of Armenians continue to cross the frontier to assist the Kurds. Armenians and Circansians belonguering enians and Circassians beleaguering

## FOUND IVORIES AND LACES.

## More of Mrs. Chadwick's Imported Goods Discovered.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 22.-United States Customs Collector Leach has found valuable ivories and laces belonging to Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick in the Chadwick home on Euclid avenue. Mr. Leach is going to learn whether duty has been paid upon the articles, all of which have

een imported. were taken to the office of Receiver Nathan Loeser and will be examined by an expert. They are said to be worth at least \$10,000. If it is shown that the duty has not been paid upon the goods, they will be sold to recover the duty, and the surplus proceeds will become part of the fund which Mr. Loeser is accumulating for the benefit of the is accumulating for the benefit of Chadwick creditors.

## BATTLESHIP WAS SAVED.

### New Vessel to Replace One Lost at Port Arthur.

VICTORIA R C. Jan 22-With the arrivel today of the steamship Athenian omes news in reference to the reported oss of the Japanese battleship Yashima. the Yerodzu of Toklo reporting that the attleship was saved and has been re-aired. Her guns have been remounted. The Kobe Herald says a new vessel is about to be completed for the Japanese mayy to replace one of those lost at Port The same vessel brought news that serious riots are reported to have oc urred at Seoul. Americans have rich finds of kerosene and coal near Pingvang, Korea.

## Farmer Kills Son and Himself. M PHERSON, Kas. Jan. 22—Charles Tux-horn, a farmer living fourteen miles south-west of here, last night killed his two sons, boys aged 6 and 19 years, burned his house and barn with all of their contents and then shot and killed himself.

## Eloping Preacher Killed.

CAIRO, Ill., Jan. 22.—George Carr, a negro barber and restaurant proprietor of this city, shot and killed Rev. Mr. Greer on Commercial avenue today. Greer is the pastor of the negro "Do right" church and some time ago eloped with Carr's wife.

## Togo to Rejoin His Fleet. LONDON, Jan 22.—The Morning Post's Shanghal correspondent reports that Ad-miral Togo, Vice-Admiral Kamimura and Rear-Admiral Kato will leave Tokio today to rejoin the fleet.

#### Clothing Store Burned. WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 22.—Fire to night gutted the clothing house of Simor Long's Sons, and the entire stock was destroyed by water. Loss, \$80,000.

## Cardinal Satolli Ill. ROME, Jan 13.—Cardinal Satolli, who has een suffering from an attack of influenza, s now ill of bronchitis, but his condition is of dangerous

# NEW CHAPTER

## Revolt Quelled, but Not Rebellion.

## Reform Movement Receives Baptism of Blood, Crown of Martyrdom.

Russian Emperor Failed to Grasp His Unique Opportunity, and Brought on Disaster.

LONDON, Jan. 23 - Such phrases as hese, extracted from editorial articles in London morning newspapers sufficiently indicate the opinion held here of vesterday's events in St. Petersburg. Revolt has been quelled, but revolu-

tion begun." "The bureaucracy has declared its polcy; it is the policy of Blagovestchenk-

"The inevitable reaction has begun, and with it a new chapter in Russia's history, and probably also in the history of Europe and Asia"
"The revolutionary movement in Russia has received its baptism in blood, its crown of martyrdom."

Call for a Mirabeau or a Danton.

Is there a Mirabeau or even a Danton

"Is there a Mirabeau or even a Danton in Russia today?"

"A very grave responsibility lies today at the door of the Czar, who has failed to grasp his unique opportunity."

"The 'little father' has become the murderer of his people, and it remains with him to save the country from disaster. Even at the eleventh hour he may do so, but only by recognizing that autocracy has gone forever."

It is pointed out that the fate of Russia does not depend upon the people of St. Petersburg alone, but on the masses throughout the country; and it is considered that the events of recent months connected with the agitation for constitutional reform sufficiently attest the people's temper.

Workingmen Determined.

## Workingmen Determined.

Workingmen Determined.

Some of the special dispatches from St. Petersburg this morning comment upon the unexpectedly determined attitude displayed by the Russian workmen yesterday as revealing a new phase in the character of the patient masses.

Many special correspondents give extravagant reports. For instance, the correspondent of the Daily Mail says that 20,000 people from Kolpino were met at the Moscow arch, on the confines of St. Petersburg, with six volleys, and that a thousand fell dead and fifteen hundred wounded.

Other correspondents say that the workmen have proclaimed their intention o attack private property. ister of the Interior Sylatopolic-Mirsky has consented to receive a deputation of workmen today. While many estimate the casualties at anywhere near 2000 killed and 5000 wounded, there is everywhere conclusive evidence of the impo bility of yet estimating with any degree of exactitude

## CAUSED SENSATION IN FRANCE. Liken Trouble in Russia to That Be-

ginning French Revolution. PARIS, Jan. 22-The news of the bloody events in St Petersburg has caused a profound sensation here. The newspapers saued special editions throughout the evening, giving dramatic details of the street fighting and these were eagerly read and discussed in the boulevards, at the theaters and in other public places, the tragedy being the universal subject of comment. The newspaper offices were surrounded by crowds awaiting bulletins. Officials here have received advices the same as those made public. The general view, including that of officials, is one of

deepest apprehension that the events of today may precipitate in Russia a period of revolution such as France has The Temps' St. Petersburg special correspondent tonight makes a graphic comparison between the position of Emperor Nicholas II. and King Louis XVI. on the eve of the reign of terror. After a careful analysis of the situation, the correspondent concludes that most of the military forces of Russia will remain loyal to the Emperor, although he foresees prospects of some of the artillery regiments playing the same role that the regiment of the French guards took on the fall of the Bastle at the outbreak of the French revolution. The correspondent also points out the withdrawal of Emperor Nicholas to Tsarskoe-Selo places twenty-one kilometers between him and the excited populace. The Temps' St. Petersburg special corre-

The prevailing tone here is one of awe at the magnitude of the horror. The Socialist journals do not disguise a strong sentiment in favor of the people and of indignation at the course of the Government.

## PRAYERS FOR CZAR.

#### Offered Up in Many Churches at the National Capital.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.-Fervent washington. Jan. 22—Fervent prayers were offered in many of the churches today for the Russian Emperor and for his people. Intense interest in the struggle at the Russian capital was manifested. Count Cassini, the Russian Embassador, arrived here tonight from New York, and was driven at once to the embassy, accompanied by Col. Raspoff, the Russian military attache. The Embassador immediately upon his arrival received press dispatches which had come since the Embassador left last night and early today. ome since the Embassador left last night and early today.

Disturbing as were the facts told in these telegrams, Count Cassini was never more calm than as he carefully scanned their contents. Officially, the Embassador has heard nothing of the situation, and for this reason he would make no com-ment.

"Apparently there is a serious strike in St Petersburg." he remarked, "but I have no news except that which has reached me in these dispatches."

# and Women Injured IN AUTOCRACY

Thousands Excited Subjects of Czar

CHICAGO, Jan. 22-Several women vere injured here tonight in a stampede of thousands of excited Russian subjects, who clamored for admittance to the West Side Auditorium to hear the news from St. Petersburg and to listen to an

from St. Petersburg and to listen to an address by Mme. Katherine Breshkowsky, the Socialist worker.

Before the doors of the Auditorium was required a detail of policemen to keep the crowd, which had swelled into thousands, from stampeding and pushing those who struggled, many of whom were crushed on the stairways leading to the hall. When the doors were finally thrown open at least a score of women, who had fainted during the rush into the hall, were trampled upon and more or less injured before they could be rescued. All of the injured were taken to a near-by drug store, where their wounds were dressed.

## NEGLECTED FREEDOM'S LESSON

CHICAGO, Jan. 22.—"Russla has neg-lected the lesson of freedom so eloquently taught by history," declared Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis of Plymouth church, Brook-lyn, in a sermon before his old congrega-tion of Central church, preached in the Auditorium.

tion of Central church, preached in the Auditorium

"A new statement of our lesson is to be found," he said, "in connection with that great empire of Europe, which now is disturbed with the preliminary tremblings of a social earthquake. Three hundred years ago the conditions which prevail in Russia today could be found in England. "Later, in France, a noble, when the poor people of Paris asked for bread, said: 'Let them eat grass,' and the next day they butchered him in the streets.

"Today we find in Russia a nation where the lives of the lower classes are filled with misery and squalor." In the warm, rich atmosphere of the twentleth century these conditions exist. One part of society arrayed against the lower classes is saying. We will be blind to the teachings of history,' and is ignoring the inevitable consequences which follow the enslaving of human souls and bodies. A little handful of men own all the privileges. This is a country of which it can be truly said. 'The lessons of history have been in vain.' But perhaps even now that lesson is upon us."

## FOR STEALING JEWELS.

## Bell Boy Held for \$35,000 Worth Said

PASADENA, Cal., Jan. 22.—Diamonds and other jewelry to the total value of \$15,000 belonging to Mrs. William D. Edey, wife of a prominent member of the New York board of trade, have been stolen from a room in the Hotel Maryland in this city. James Doyle, the head bell boy of the hotel, has been airrested on suspicion of having taken the jewelry and is undergoing a thorough investigation at the hands of the police.

Mrs. Edey left the hotel Saturday for a horseback ride, leaving her jewels locked in her trunk instead of placing

locked in her trunk instead of placing them in the hotel safe, as was her usual custom. Her room was entered during her absence and the lock of the trunk opened by means of a buttonhook.

The loss of the jeweiry was discovered upon her return. Suspicion attached to the bell boy after a gold fountain pen, belonging to one of the other guests of the hotel, had been found sewed up in the lining of his yest. ining of his vest.
The stolen jewelry consisted of diamond

## rings, diamond bropches, necklaces, dia-mond-studded watches, watch chains and other miscellaneous articles.

Saints Creates Sensation. Special to The Tribune

the English actress who plays one of the principal roles in "Fantana" at the Lyric theater, attended the communion service of the Mormon church here at noon and by night every Mormon in Harlem had heard that she had accepted the religion. Consequently there was much excitement among members of the cult.

Miss Earry applied for admission at the 1 o'clock service for young people. She was admitted and remained during the service. When seen later in the day Miss Earry at first declined to verify the report that she had been to the church.

Later she reluctantly admitted that she had gone there. She stoutly denied that she had embraced the religion, but said at length, that she might do so.

## \$600,000 SUIT SETTLED.

boss, and also representing James Shevlin, former Senator John McCarty and
P. H. Flynn of the Nassau railroad, had
settled the suit brought by Michael J.
Coffey to recover \$99,000, which Coffey
alleged was his unpaid share of the profits made by the McLaughlin political syndicate in Brocklyn out of the franchise
obtained by the Nassau Railroad company, which franchise was sold four and
a half years ago to the Brocklyn Rapid
Transit railroad.

## BRYAN TALKS TO Y. M. C. A.

# KILL HUNDREDS

## Unarmed Women and Men Shot Down.

Some Children Among the Dead, but Priest Gopon Escapes Unharmed.

Peaceable Demonstration Becomes a Massacre, and Bewildered Workingmen Become Vengeful.

#### All Quiet on the Neva. ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 23 4:45 4

a. m.-St. Petersburg is sleeping quietly at this hour, worn out by the excitement of a long day. La- + borers and spectators have long since left the streets and the milltary and police have had little to do + for hours beyond driving off occasional riotous bands of irresponsible young roughs bent on windowbreaking and marauding and dispersing groups of too demonstra tive Socialists or Liberals returning from protracted meetings where + their minds were fired with incend-

lary speeches. Since midnight the Russian capital has been as peaceful as it was the preceding night, but in the Palace square and in all the principal streets and open places throughout + the town bivouac fires are gleaming and infantrymen are sleeping near their stacked rifles or marching + hither and thither. Cavalrymen on wearled horses are patrolling the long thoroughfares. No further fir-+ ing has been heard and no more reports of collisions have been re-

A renewal of rioting is not expect-ed until late in the morning, if at all today, as the strikers, thorough-+ 'ly wearled by yesterday's events, will be inclined to wait until the military precautions have some-+ what relaxed + It is impossi

It is impossible even now to mate at all closely the casualties of + + the day, The exact number of + deaths probably never will + known. No Americans were in-+ jured.

ST PETERSBURG, Jan. 22-This has been a day of unspeakable horror in St. Petersburg. The strikers of yesterday, goaded to desperation by a day of violence, fury and bloodshed, are in a state of open insurrection against the Government. A condition almost bordering on civil war exists in the terror-stricken Russian capital. The city is under martial law, with Prince Vasilchikoff as commander of more than 50,000 of the Em

peror's crack guards Troops are bivouacking in the street tonight and at various places on the Nevski prospect, the main thoroughfare of the city. On the island of Vassillostrov and in the out sections, infuriated men have thrown up barricades, which they are holding. The Empress Dowager has hastily sought safety at Tsarskee-Selo; where Emperor Nicholas II is llving. Minister of the Interior Sviatopolk-Mirsky presented to his Majesty last night the invitation of the workmen to appear at the Winter palace this afternoon and receive their petition, but the Empe advisors already had taken a decision but the Emperor's advisors already had taken a decision to show a firm and resolute front, and the Emperors answer to 100,000 workmen, trying to make their way to the palace square today, was a solid array of troops who met them with rifle, bayonet and

#### gaber Priest Escaped Unharmed.

The priest, Gopon, the leader and idel of the men, in his golden vestments, holding aloft the cross and marching at the head of thousands of workmen the head of thousands of workmen through the Narva gate, miraculously escaped a volloy, which laid low half a hundred persons. The figures of the total number killed or wounded here, at the Moscow gate, at various bridges and islands, and at the Winter palace, vary. The best estimate is 500, although there are exaggerated figures placing the num-ber as high as 5000.

# Russians Stampede CZAR'S TROOPS

## Clamor for Admittance to Hall to Hear St. Petersburg News.

## Russian Troubles Under Impulse of Social Earthquake.

## to Be Missing.

PASADENA, Cal., Jan. 22.-Diamonds

## ATTENDED MORMON SERVICE Report That Actress Had Joined the

NEW YORK, Jan. 22-Miss Kate Barry, the English actress who plays one of the

Estate of Brooklyn's Former Democratic Boss Compromises.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22-It was announced NEW YORK Jan to the estate of Hugh McLaughlin, former Democratic boss, and also representing James Shevilin, former Senator John McCarty and

## Address at Anniversary Celebration in National Capital.

WASHINGTON, Jan 22-William J. Bryan delivered an address today at the celebration of the fifty-third anniversary of the Young Men's Christian association. His theme was the "Work of the Y M. C. A. in Character Building" Hamilton Wright Mable made the anniversary address. WASHINGTON, Jan 22.-William dress.
Mr. Bryan left Washington on the mid-night train for New York.

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Many men were accompanied by their wives and children, and in the confusion, which left no time for discrimination, the latter shared the fate of the men. The troops, with the exception of a single regiment which is reported to have thrown down its arms, remained loyal and obeyed orders. But the blood which crimsoned the snow has fired the brains and passions of the strikers and turned women as well as men into wild beasts, and the cry of the infuriated populace is for vengeance.

The sympathy of the middle classes is with the workmen.

If Father Gopon, the master-mind of the movement, aimed at open revolution, he managed the affair like a genius to break the faith of the people in "the little father," who, they were convinced and who Father Gopon had taught their to believe, would right their wrongs and redress their grievances.

Break Faith in Emperor.

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Gorsky, the Russian novelist, expresses the opinion that today's work will break this faith of the people in the Emperor. He said this evening:

"Today inaugurated revolution in Russia. The Emperor's prestige will be irrevocably shattered by the shedding of innocent blood. He has altenated himself forever from his people. Gopon taught the workmen to believe that an appeal direct to the "little father" would be heeded. They have been undeceived Gopon is now convinced that peaceful